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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/784,000	. 02/20/2004	Richard T. Strasser	STRASS 3.0-002	5862
530 7590 01/30/2007 LERNER, DAVID, LITTENBERG, KRUMHOLZ & MENTLIK			EXAMINER	
			HOOK, JAMES F	
600 SOUTH AVENUE WEST WESTFIELD, NJ 07090			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,	•		3754	
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		01/30/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/784,000	STRASSER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	James F. Hook	3754			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was realized to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 November 2006.				
, 	,				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)	<u>5,39 and 40</u> is/are withdrawn fror ejected.	n consideration.			
Application Papers	, ·				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11).	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	,				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/20/04</u>. 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of the species of a fiber optic cable for a clear sleeve attached using glue in the reply filed on November 7, 2006 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Claims 2-4, 16-18, 25-31, 34, 35, 39 and 40 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on November 7, 2006. It is noted that applicant stated claim 31 would read upon the elected species, however such is dependent from claim 30 which is recited as not reading upon the elected species therefore, claim 31 cannot read on the elected invention when the claim from which it depends does not, therefore claim 31 has been treated as a withdrawn claim as well.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 5, 6, 10-13, 19-24, 32, 33, and 36-38 are rejected under 35
U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dougherty. The patent to Dougherty discloses

the recited illuminated hose, where the use of such as a fire hose is considered merely intended use where the hose of Dougherty is capable of use as a fire hose, comprising a hose 36 having first and second ends with interior and exterior walls, a sleeve 38 secured over the exterior surface of the hose, at least one light emitting element 47,48 is provided as a bundle of optical fibers where more than one fiber can be provided, the bundle can be wrapped around the length of the sleeve, the sleeve is made of flexible material, a clear material 43 is attached to the sleeve to hold the light emitting element, where such is a polymer material, the light emitting elements can vary in color and can be visible outside the hose, where the light emitting element inherently would be longer than the distance of the hose for it to extend the same distance yet be wrapped around the hose exterior, and such is connected to a light source.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 5-8, 10-13, 19-24, 32, 33, and 36-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rickards in view of Dougherty. The reference to Rickards discloses the recited fire hose comprising a hose 10 for use with a fire engine thereby making such a fire hose where such has first and second ends with interior and exterior walls, a sleeve 22 formed of a flexible fabric material is provided over the hose

to protect such, the sleeve can be formed of a piece of material that is sewn along it's edges which inherently would include at least some overlap of the seam to allow for sewing, the length of the sleeve can be longer or shorter than the hose it is protecting, hook and loop fasteners can hold the sleeve to the hose, a pocket can be provided for holding other structures to the sleeve, and reflective material 66 can be provided to allow such to be easily seen, where such can be of a single or multiple colors. The reference to Rickards discloses all of the recited structure with the exception of providing the sleeve with a fiber optic element to allow such to be seen in dark environments, providing such with a clear sleeve of polymeric material to hold the fiber optic element to the fabric sleeve, where multiple colors of light can be used in the fiber optic cable. The patent to Dougherty discloses all of the structure set forth above, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the reflection element in Rickards to be a fiber optic element as such would allow the sleeve to be seen in dark environments where there isn't sufficient light to see reflect off of reflective portions, and to provide a clear sleeve of polymer material to hold the fiber optic element to the fabric sleeve and to provide the fiber optic elements with different color light as suggested by Dougherty where such would provide the sleeve with an element that can be seen in dark environments without requiring light to reflect off of it for the sleeve to be seen where such is an alternative manner to allow for a hose to be seen to the use of reflective type bands, and where different color lights is equivalent to different color reflective elements, where such would further protect the hose in low light applications thereby preventing damage and saving money in premature replacement costs.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rickards in view of Dougherty as applied to claims 1, 5-8, 10-13, 19-24, 32, 33, and 36-38 above, and further in view of Romero. The patent to Rickards as modified discloses all of the recited structure with the exception of closing the longitudinal seam of the sleeve with hook and loop fasteners. The patent to Romero discloses that it is old and well known in the art of protective sleeves to provide such with longitudinal seams that are provided with hook and loop fasteners to hold the seam closed but allow such to be opened for easier application of the sleeve to the item it is protecting. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the sleeve in Rickards as modified by using a hook and loop fastener for the longitudinal seam of the sleeve to allow such to be applied more easily to the outside of the pipe being protected as suggested by Romero where such would allow for easier application of the sleeve to the hose thereby saving time and money for the user to apply the sleeve to the hose to be protected.

Claims 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rickards in view of Dougherty as applied to claims 1, 5-8, 10-13, 19-24, 32, 33, and 36-38 above, and further in view of Dunphy. The patent to Rickards as modified discloses all of the recited structure with the exception of using epoxy to hold elements of the sleeve together. The patent to Dunphy discloses that it is old and well known in the art to provide epoxy to hold elements of a tubing together, including fiber optic cables to reinforced layers. It is considered that epoxy is inherently substantially transparent as such is a known property of epoxy. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the sleeve in Rickards as modified by providing an epoxy to

hold elements together to insure the fiber optic cable does not shift with respect to the reinforcing layers as suggested by Dunphy where such would insure the elements stayed connected together thereby preventing premature failure and saving money in replacement or repair costs.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The references to Griffiths, Kingstone, Charboneau, Asta, Goodrich, Pope, Fatato, Taylor, and Huber disclosing state of the art sleeves some with illumination.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James F. Hook whose telephone number is (571) 272-4903. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Wednesday, work at home Thursdays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kevin Shaver can be reached on (571) 272-4720. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

James F. Hook Primary Examiner Art Unit 3754

JFH